Introduction - Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula Fed Infants and Children

In this guide

In this guide

- 1. <u>Background Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula Fed</u> <u>Infants and Children</u>
- 2. <u>Introduction Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula Fed</u> <u>Infants and Children</u>
- 3. Limits for vitamin D content in infant and follow-on formulae
- 4. Tolerable upper limits for vitamin D:
- 5. <u>Exposure assessment Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula</u> <u>Fed Infants and Children</u>
- 6. <u>Risk characterisation Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula</u> <u>Fed Infants and Children</u>
- 7. <u>Summary & conclusions -Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula</u> <u>Fed Infants and Children</u>
- 8. <u>References Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula Fed Infants</u> <u>and Children</u>
- 9. <u>Abbreviations Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula Fed</u> <u>Infants and Children</u>
- 10. <u>Annex A Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula Fed Infants</u> and Children
- 11. <u>Annex B Statement on vitamin D Exposure Levels in Formula Fed Infants</u> and Children

4. The main sources of vitamin D for infants (0 to 12 month-olds) and young children (1 to 4 year-olds) are through exposure to sunlight, ingestion of supplements, and consumption of formulae that are fortified with vitamin D.

5. Current UK government advice on vitamin D supplementation is based on recommendations made by the Scientific Advisory Committee on Nutrition (SACN) in its report entitled 'Vitamin D and health' (SACN, 2016).

6. Infant formula is suitable from birth, whilst follow-on formula is suitable for infants from 6 months of age, as communicated via the <u>NHS.uk website</u>.

- 7. In the UK, it is currently advised via the <u>NHS</u> that:
 - "babies from birth to 1 year of age who are being breastfed should be given a daily supplement containing 8.5 to 10 μ g of vitamin D (regardless of whether the mother is taking a vitamin D supplement);
 - babies should not be given a vitamin D supplement if they are having more than 500 ml of infant formula per day, because infant formula is fortified with vitamin D and other nutrients; and
 - children aged 1 to 4 years old should be given a daily supplement of 10 μg of vitamin D."