Statement on the risk assessment of cow's milk in children aged 1 to 5 years, in the context of plant-based drinks evaluations

Abbreviations and Technical Information

In this guide

In this guide

- 1. <u>Background Statement on the risk assessment of cow's milk in children</u> aged 1 to 5 years, in the context of plant-based drinks evaluations
- 2. Consumption data
- 3. Chemicals assessed
- 4. Risk Characterisation Statement on the risk assessment of cow's milk in children aged 1 to 5 years, in the context of plant-based drinks evaluations
- 5. <u>Summary Statement on the risk assessment of cow's milk in children aged</u>
 1 to 5 years, in the context of plant-based drinks evaluations
- 6. <u>Conclusions Statement on the risk assessment of cow's milk in children</u> aged 1 to 5 years, in the context of plant-based drinks evaluations
- 7. Abbreviations and Technical Information
- 8. References Statement on the risk assessment of cow's milk in children aged 1 to 5 years, in the context of plant-based drinks evaluations

ADI Acceptable Daily Intake

15-Ac-DON 15-Acetyldeoxynivalenol

3-Ac-DON 3-Acetyldeoxynivalenol

ADME Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion

AFB1 Aflatoxin B1

AFB1 Aflatoxin B1

AFB2 Aflatoxin B2

AFFF Aqueous Film Forming Foam

AFG1 Aflatoxin G1

AFM1 Aflatoxin M1

AFM1 Aflatoxin M1

AFM2 Aflatoxin M2

AFT Sum of AFB1, AFB2, AFG1 and AFG2

AhR Aryl Hydrocarbon Receptor

As Arsenic

BaA Benz[a]anthracene

BaP Benzo[a]pyrene

BbF Benzo[b]fluoranthene

BBP Butyl-benzyl-phthalate

BFR Brominated Flame Retardants

BIO Biochanin A

Benchmark Dose Lower Confidence Limit **BMDL** Bisphenol A **BPA Bromine** Br **BST Bovine Somatotropin Body Weight** bw CAR Constitutive androstane receptor Cd Cadmium **CEP** EFSA Panel on Food Contact Materials, Enzymes and Processing Aids CF2 Perfluorinated Methylene Group Perfluorinated Methyl Group CF3 ChR Chrysene

Cl Chlorine

COC The Committee on Carcinogenicity Food, Consumer Products and the Environment

DAI Daidzein

DBP Di-butylphthalate

DecaBDE Decabromodiphenyl ether

DEFRA Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

DEHP Bis(2- ethylhexyl)phthalate

DHSC Department of Health and Social Care

DIDP Di-isodecylphthalate

DINP Di-isononylphthalate

DL-PCBs Dioxin-Like Polychlorinated Biphenyls

DL-PCBs Dioxins and Dioxin-Like Polychlorinated

DNSIYC Diet and Nutrition Survey of Infants and Young Children

DON Deoxynivalenol

DON-3glucoside Deoxynivalenol-3-Glucoside

E1 Oestrone

E2 17β-Oestradiol

EC European Commission

ECHA European Chemical Agency

EFSA European Food Safety Authority

EHDI Estimated Human Daily Intakes

EQU Equol (metabolite of DAI)

ERs Oestrogen Receptors

EU European Union

EVM Expert Group on Vitamins and Minerals

FAO Food and Agriculture Organisation

FDA Food and Drug Administration

FOR Formononetin

FSA Food Standards Agency

FSH Follicle Stimulating Hormone

FTOHs Fluorotelomer alcohols

GEN Genistein

GH Growth Hormone

GI Gastrointestinal

H Hydrogen

HBCD Hexabromocyclodecane

HBGV Health Based Guidance Value

HED Human Equivalent Dose

Hg Mercury

Hg⁺ Mercurous cation

Hg⁰ Elemental mercury

Hg²⁺ Mercuric cation

HPG axis Hypothalamic-Pituitary-Gonadal Axis

I lodine

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

iAS Inorganic Arsenic

ICES- 6 Indicator PCBS: 28, 52, 101, 138, 153 and 180

IGF-1 Insulin-like Growth Factor 1

IGFBP-3 Insulin Growth Promoting Factor Binding Protein 3

IQ Intelligence quotient

JECFA Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

Lower Bound - - Lower bound and upper bound approaches are utilised in order to assess left censored data (Occurrence values below the limits of detection or quantification).

LB

The lower bound refers to situations where a zero value has been assigned to occurrence values below the limit of detection or limit of quantification.

LH Luteinising Hormone

LOD Limit of Detection

Middle Bound - The middle bound is and approach for assessing left censored data. Any values below the limit of detection (LOD) or limit of quantification (LOQ) are assigned the value LOD/2 or LOQ/2 respectively.

mg Milligram

mm Millimetre

MoBB Margin of Body Burdens

MOE Margin Of Exposure

MRL Maximum Residue Limit

MT Metallothionein

NDL-PCBs Non-Dioxin-Like Polychlorinated Biphenyls

ng Nanogram

NHS National Health Service

NIS Na⁺/I⁻ symporter

nm Nanometre

NOAELs No-Observed-Adverse-Effect Levels

NOEL No Observed Effect Level

NRL National Reference Laboratory

NSAIDS Non-Steroidal Anti-inflammatory drugs

OctaBDE Octabromodiphenyl Ether

OECD The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OTA Ochratoxin A

PAHs Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

PAPs Polyfluorinated Phosphate Esters

Pb Lead

PBB-169 3,3',4,4',5,5'-hexaBB

PBBs Polybrominated Biphenyls

PBDEs Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers

PCBs Polychlorinated Biphenyls

PCDDs Polychlorinated Dibenzodioxins

PCDFs Polychlorinated Dibenzofurans

PE Polyethene

PentaPBDE Pentabromodiphenyl Ether

PFAAs Perfluoroalkyl Acids

PFAS Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances

PFBS Perfluorobutanesulfonic Acid

PFCAs Perfluoroalkyl Carboxylic Acids

PFHxS Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid

PFNA Perfluorononanoic Acid

PFOA Perfluorooctanoic Acid

PFOS Perfluorooctane Sulfonic Acid

PFSAs Perfluoroalkane Sulfonic Acids

pg picograms

PHE Public Health England

PMTDI Provisional Maximum Tolerable Daily Intake

PP Polypropene

PTMI Provisional tolerable Monthly Intake

PTWI Provisional Tolerable Weekly Intake

RASFF Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed

SACN Scientific Advisory Committee on Nutrition

SCF Scientific Committee on Food

SCF European Scientific Committee on Food

SCVPH Scientific Committee on Veterinary measures relating to Public

Health

SD Standard Deviation

SUL Safe Upper Level

TBBPA Tribromobisphenol A

TCDD 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzyl Dioxin

TDI Tolerable Daily Intake

TDS UK Total Diet Study

TEF Toxicity Equivalency Factor

TEQ Toxic Equivalent Value

TSH Thyroid-Stimulating Hormone

TUL Tolerable Upper Level

TWI Tolerable Weekly Intake

Upper Bound - Lower bound and upper bound approaches are utilised in order to assess left censored data (Occurrence values below the limits of detection or quantification). In the upper bound approach any occurrence levels below the limit of detection or limit of quantification (left censored data) are assigned the value of the limit of detection or the limit of quantification.

U-Cd Urinary Cadmium

UB

UK United Kingdom

US United States

US-EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

VMD Veterinary Medicines Directorate

VPC Veterinary Products Committee

WHO World Health Organisation

β2M β-2-microglobulin

μg microgram