COT 2021 meeting notes

• COT Meeting: 2nd February 2021

At their **February** meeting the Committee discussed items including the allergenicity of <u>chitin and chitosan based BBFCMs</u>, the potential risks from <u>mycotoxins</u>, and the prioritisation of dietary components and <u>xenobiotics</u> to be considered for their effects on maternal health. In addition, the committee discussed the <u>PBPK for Regulators Workshop</u> Report (currently reserved) as well as <u>variable lifetime exposure</u> and the potential effects that <u>excess vitamin D</u> intake could have during preconception, pregnancy and lactation.

The committee commented on the draft <u>EFSA Scientific Committee Opinion</u> on biological plausibility of non-monotonic dose responses and their impact on the risk assessment. The Committee also considered the draft <u>Annual Report</u>, <u>actions</u> <u>taken</u> subsequent to COT advice and undertook some <u>horizon scanning</u>.

• COT Meeting: 23rd March 2021

At their **March** meeting the Committee discussed items including the potential effects of excess iodine intake during preconception, pregnancy and lactation, as well as development of human biomonitoring guidance values in the <u>HBM4EU</u> biomonitoring project.

The Committee also reviewed the draft <u>SETE</u> report on the synthesis and integration of epidemiological and toxicological evidence in risk assessments and commented the first draft <u>non-technical</u> COC statement on how the Committees evaluate the relevance and reliability of data when assessing a chemical of concern.

The Committee discussed an update to the COT Position paper on the potential risk of <u>CBD in CBD food products</u> to include dermal and inhalation exposure.

• COT Meeting: 4th May 2021

At their **May** meeting the Committee discussed several items of their work on the maternal diet and health: these included the potential effects of ginger and ginger supplements and of <u>excess vitamin D</u> intake in pregnancy, and the

prioritisation of further <u>dietary components</u> and xenobiotics including <u>alcohol</u> and <u>ginger</u>.

The committee also reviewed the proposed addendum to their statement on the potential toxicological risks from <u>nicotine and non-nicotine e-cigarettes</u> to include the pharmacokinetics of nicotine salts. And a summary of data on the bioavailability of nicotine and other ingredients from the use of <u>oral nicotine</u> <u>pouches</u> and assessment of risk to users.

The committee continued to work on the draft COT principles for assessing risks from less than <u>lifetime exposure or variable exposure</u> over a lifetime.

• COT Meeting: 6th July 2021

At their **July** meeting the Committee discussed items including the alternatives to <u>conventional plastics</u> for food & drinks packaging, including the potential human health risks of <u>bamboo bio-composites</u> in food contact materials. They also reviewed the recent EFSA opinion on <u>titanium dioxide</u>.

The Committee also reviewed the Draft EFSA Scientific Committee Opinion on the scientific criteria for <u>grouping chemicals</u> into assessment groups for the human risk assessment of combined exposure to multiple chemicals. In addition they looked at UK new approach <u>methodologies roadmap.</u>

The committee continued to work on the second draft statement on <u>PFAS</u>, the draft <u>SETE</u> report on the synthesis and integration of epidemiological and toxicological evidence in risk assessments and the substatement on the potential risks from exposure to <u>microplastics</u> (oral route).

• COT Meeting: 7th September 2021

At their **September** meeting the Committee discussed items including the substatement on the potential risks from oral exposure to <u>microplastics</u> (this paper was postponed from the July meeting) and a <u>Public Consultation</u> on Code of Practice for Scientific Advisory Committees and Councils.

They also reviewed a discussion paper on the potential effects of excess vitamin <u>A</u> on maternal health and continued to work on the draft statement addressing the potential effects of excess vitamin <u>D</u> intake may have during preconception, pregnancy and lactation.

The Committee finalised their interim position paper discussing the recent EFSA opinion on <u>titanium dioxide</u>.

• COT Meeting: 26th October 2021

At their **October** meeting the Committee discussed items including an update on the safety of <u>ginger supplement</u> use in pregnancy, further information on the potential health risks of <u>bamboo</u> food contact materials and part 1 of a discussion paper on the risk assessment of <u>cow's milk</u> in children aged 1 to 5 years, in the context of the previous evaluation of plant based drinks. The Committee also finalised the draft statement on vitamin D and the potential effects that excess vitamin D intake may have during preconception, pregnancy and lactation and the sub-statement on the potential risk(s) from exposure to <u>microplastics</u> via the oral route.

• COT Meeting: 7th December 2021

At their **December** meeting the Committee discussed items including topic proposals for a <u>COT workshop</u> in March 2022, part 2 of a discussion paper on the risk assessment of <u>cow's milk</u> in children aged 1 to 5 years, in the context of the previous evaluation of plant based drinks. And two Reserved items: Smoke flavourings reauthorisations and a discussion paper on vitamin D exposure levels in formula fed infants.

The Committee continued their work on maternal health, reviewing the first draft of a statement on the effects of excess vitamin A on maternal health and a discussion paper on the potential risks from <u>cadmium</u> in the maternal diet.

Also the Committee reviewed an interim paper on the potential health risks of <u>bamboo</u> food contact materials and the EFSA draft opinion and exposure protocol open for public consultation on <u>Phthalates</u>.